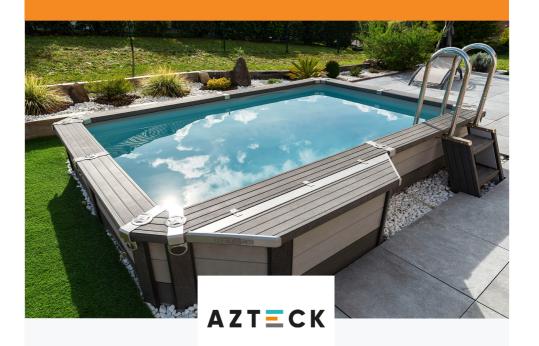


# **USER MANUAL**

CARE/MAINTENANCE/SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



POOL KIT

**AZTECK** 

## **SOMMAIRE**



Read this manual carefully to ensure that you understand all information, allowing you to use and maintain your pool safely. We accept no liability for any damage caused by failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

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Prior to any treatment, we would like to remind you that the pool must be filled using water from the mains supply (no rainwater or spring water, ...).

This is a brief summary regarding treatment of water using chlorine, please consult a water treatment specialist if you require any further advice.

Failure to respect the maintenance instructions can cause serious health risks, particularly for children.

To ensure that the pool is pleasant to use and hygienic, it is important for the water to remain clear; pristine and bacteriologically pure.

This means that it is necessary to treat it:

- Physically: using filtration and accessories
- Chemically: using the appropriate treatments

Physical treatment removes any suspended particles in your pool.

Chemical treatment is necessary in order to sterilise the water and eliminate bacteria (algae and micro-organisms).

These types of treatment are complementary and inseparable. You should regularly monitor and maintain the water in your pool, once or twice per week when the pool is in use.

#### PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL

The total volume of water contained in your pool should be fully recycled at least three times per day.

The pool water should always be filtered when the weather in sunny and when the pool is in use (it is not always necessary to filter it at night).

The length of time the filtration should be on for must be equal to the water temperature divided by 2 (24°C = 12 hours of filtration).

Above 28°C, we recommend constant filtration.

Below 12°C, treatment and filtration are generally no longer necessary (you can winterize the pool).

#### **CHEMICAL TREATMENT**

Important: Use of a salt electrolysis unit to treat the water is not compatible with the structure of the pool. (invalidates warranty).

#### **ESSENTIAL PRODUCTS**

Please scan the QR code below for a link to the specific documents concerning water treatment:



Make sure that you keep your pool products safely locked in a dry place out of the reach of children before and after use.

Please ask your usual retailer for information on our range of products. Most of all, make sure that you respect all instructions and use the correct quantities, otherwise you may damage the PVC coatings and filtration equipment.

**Recommended accessories:** Bubble cover, winter cover, nets, vacuum brush, robots. Ask your retailer to select a compatible robot that will adapt to the characteristics of your filtration.

#### **POOL CASING MAINTENANCE**

Carefully clean the pool on a regular basis with a sponge soaked in a pH neutral product (do not use a brush or pressure washer: invalidates warranty).

SILVANET and WICHINOX products should be used regularly to maintain the composite facings and stainless steel parts.

#### Warning

UV rays play an important role in determining the lifespan and colour maintenance of all composite parts. A change in the colours is a normal phenomenon and will not be covered under the warranty.

#### Note:

Our slats are mainly made of wood, and they will darken temporarily over the first weeks.

After that, rainwater and UV rays will help the slats return to a colour resembling the original one. Once this phenomenon is over, your composite does not require any treatment, and its colour will be long-lasting. Only regular cleaning is required.

The micro-organisms that develop if the water is not correctly treated can cause a variety of stains and degradations.

A lack of maintenance can leave indelible marks on your pool.



#### **WATER LINES**

The water line (the part of the liner that is above the water level) needs to be cleaned regularly to avoid any substances becoming encrusted: limescale, greasy products, etc... It should be very carefully and regularly cleaned using specific "water line cleaning" products. Use of organic solvents such as acetone or trichlorethylene is strictly prohibited.

#### > CONSERVATION OF COLOURS

Variations in colours can occur rapidly or more slowly due to the use of sterilising products (oxidants). This is a normal phenomenon. They vary according to how concentrated these products are and the level of use of the pool. Localised discoloration of accessories (skimmer, discharge nozzles, etc...) can occur. These are due to an excessive concentration of water treatment products as well as UV rays and/or poor pool maintenance.

#### > USE OF TREATMENT PRODUCTS

Treatment products must always be put into the pool in a "dissolved" state. It is strictly forbidden to place slow-dissolving products directly on the bottom of the pool as they may permanently stain or damage the liner.

Use of a floating chlorine diffuser is recommended (do not put the chlorine tabs directly in the skimmer).

Warning: leave the pool uncovered for at least 3 hours after a chlorination shock.



#### > APPEARANCE OF STAINS

In some cases, stains may appear on the PVC.

#### Pink stains:

These are caused by bacteria that become incorporated into the material, develop and feed on the PVC.

### Grey stains:

These generally spread due to a fungus from outside the waterproofing (in damper areas) or polluted water.

#### Brown stains:

These arise from the proliferation of algae or copper deposits (copper sulphate, electro-physical treatment procedure, etc...).

Consult a professional to provide analysis and a recommendation for how to adapt your treatment.

### **POOL WATER LEVEL**

- $\bullet$  The water level should be around 2/3 of the height of the skimmer.
- When the skimmers are too full, they will not be able to remove the surface water.
- When the skimmers are too empty, air will enter the filtration system, and this can deactivate the pump.



- 1. Clean the pool fully
- 2. Carry out a shock treatment to ensure that the water in the pool is sterilised.
- 3. Clean the bottom, the walls and the water line (with a product that is recommended by our distributors no solvent-based products).
- 4. Add a winterization product when the filter is still functioning. The winterization product is not an antifreeze, but it will prevent the development of algae during the period when the water is below 12°C.
- 5. If you are using a sand filter, descale the filter load (consult retailer for an appropriate product)
- 6. Reduce the water level to below the level of the discharge nozzle.
- 7. Empty the hydraulic circuit and disconnect the filtration and the pipework.
- 8. Insert a winterization cap into the discharge nozzle and an antifreeze device in the skimmer.
- 9. Remove and clean the inner ladder (essential).
- 10. Clean the stainless steel parts thoroughly (connection covers) using a special product for stainless steel. Do this before installing the winterization cover (if you fail to do so, these items may become rusty after winterization).
- 11. Cover the pool with a winterization cover or net.
- 12. Make sure that the filtration system has been fully emptied (pump body, filter, etc...) to avoid any risks associated with freezing. It is possible to remove the pump to place it in a dry place where the temperature does not reach freezing point.

### ➤ ACTIVE WINTERIZATION (WATER TEMPERATURE BELOW 12°C):

- 1. Carry out steps 1 to 4 from the section above.
- 2. Set the filtration range to a period of 2 hours per day.
- During freezing weather, make sure that the filtration system runs constantly to avoid the pipework and filtration system freezing (you can install an antifreeze device to ensure that filtration starts up automatically when the outside temperature reaches a certain level).
- 4. Covering the pool is also recommended for active winterization.

### WARRANTY

### **WARRANTY CONDITIONS**

Visit www.del-piscine.fr to view the warranty in full.



### > 11- RECOMMANDATION

We recommend that people buying a pool inform their insurance company of the purchase.

WARNING: since 1 January 2006, all private pools must be equipped with standard safety equipment to prevent drowning, particularly with regard to young children. Article L134-10

### SAFFTY ADVICE

Please read the recommendations set out below with care.

#### **WARNING**

Swimming pools can represent a serious danger for your children. Drowning can happen very quickly.

Children who are close to a swimming pool need to be watched constantly and actively, even if they know how to swim.

Learn lifesaving skills.

The physical presence of an adult is absolutely essential whenever the pool is open.



Memorise the telephone numbers for the emergency services and ensure that they are displayed close to the pool.

FIRE SERVICE



(write the number that applies in your region)

POISON CONTROL

CENTRE

### SAFFTY ADVICE

- Before installing and using the pool, please read, retain and respect the information
  contained in this user manual. These warnings, instructions and safety advice apply
  to certain common risks associated with water-based leisure activities, but they do
  not cover every single risk and danger in all cases. Ensure that you are always careful
  and use common sense regarding aquatic activities. Keep this information for future
  reference.
- · Safety of non-swimmers
- Attentive, active and constant vigilance from a responsible adult with regard to children
  who are not strong swimmers and those who cannot swim is required at all times
  (bearing in mind that the risk of drowning is highest for children under five years old).
- Choose a responsible adult to keep an eye on the pool whenever it is in use.
- Any children who are unable to swim or who are not strong swimmers should wear safety equipment whenever they use the pool.
- When the pool is not in use or nobody is watching over it, remove all toys from the pool so that children are not attracted to it.
- · Safety equipment
- We recommend installing a fence (and securing all doors and windows, if applicable) in order to prevent unauthorised access to the pool.
- Fences, covers, pool alarms or similar safety devices are useful tools, but they do not replace constant surveillance by a responsible adult.
- Safety equipment
- We recommend keeping lifesaving equipment (such as a lifebuoy, for example) near to the pool.
- Keep a working telephone and a list of emergency numbers near to the pool.
- Safety of pool use
- Encourage all pool users, especially children, to learn to swim.
- Learn lifesaving techniques (heart massage) and update your knowledge regularly.
   These techniques can save lives in emergency situations.
- Explain to all users, including children, the procedure to follow in an emergency.
- Never dive into a pool that is not deep enough as you may seriously injure or even kill vourself.

### SAFFTY ADVICE

- Do not use the pool when you have consumed alcohol or medicine that may impair your ability to do so safely.
- If the pool has a cover on it, remove it entirely from the surface of the water before entering the pool.
- Treat the water in your pool and employ best practices in terms of hygiene to protect users from any illnesses associated with water. Consult the water treatment instructions provided in the manual.
- Store all chemical products (water treatment, cleaning or disinfectant products, for example) out of the reach of children.
- Use the pictograms described below; you must place them less than 2 metres from the pool in a position that is easily visible:





- Place the mobile ladders on a horizontal surface.
- This equipment can be used by children aged 8 and upwards and people with reduced physical, sensorial or mental capacities or a lack of experience and knowledge as long as they are supervised or have received instructions regarding safe use of the equipment, and they understand the dangers involved.
- Children must not play with the equipment.

A child can drown in less than 3 minutes, no type of protection can replace supervision by a responsible adult.

### RECYCLING

#### **PACKAGING**



Dispose of the packaging in line with current rules and regulations.

#### **END OF LIFECYCLE**



- Do not put your scrapped equipment or used batteries in with unsorted household waste.
- You are responsible for disposing of all of your waste, in particular electrical and electronic equipment by taking it to a collection point where recycling and valorisation are carried out.
- Certain products potentially contain substances that are dangerous for the environment, and you need to ensure that these are eliminated or neutralised.
- Make sure that you are aware of all existing recovery and collection systems.



discard the manual in line with the current regulations.











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